## **COURSE OUTLINE**

### (1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	Social Sciences				
ACADEMIC UNIT	Cultural Technology and Communication				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Undergraduate				
COURSE CODE	4 PLR 125	SEMESTER 5			
COURSE TITLE	ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE				
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits			WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS		CREDITS
	Lectures			2	
Laboratories			2		2
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).			4		5
COURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	Core Course/General Background				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	None				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://eclass.aegean.gr/courses/131194/				

# (2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

#### Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The students will be in the position to:

- work with different searching algorithms
- comprehend the knowledge representation techniques using predicate logic and rule systems
- get familiar with the concept of conversational AI and unbiased AI
- design and develop expert systems for simple educational problems
- implement programs in the PROLOG.

#### **General Competences**

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and
Working independently	sensitivity to gender issues
Team work	Criticism and self-criticism
Working in an international environment	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	

Production of new research ideas

Others...

- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology
- Adapting to new situations
- Decision-making
- Working independently
- Team work
- Project planning and management
- Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
- Working in an interdisciplinary environment

## (3) SYLLABUS

The course objective is to analyze a number of subjects, which constitute the very core of Artificial Intelligence. These subjects are summarized as follows: (1) problem resolving using searching algorithms, (2) introductory issues that concern the intelligent agents, (3) propositional and categorical logic, (4) knowledge representation and rule based systems, (5) basic structure of expert systems.

The course is structured as follows:

- 1. Introduction in Artificial Intelligence
- 2. Problem description and solution in State Space
- 3. Problem description and solution using the Induction method
- 4. Propositional logic
- 5. Categorical logic
- 6. Depth first search algorithm
- 7. Breadth first search algorithm
- 8. Informative search
- 9. Knowledge representation-knowledge based rule systems
- 10. Expert systems
- 11. Conversational AI
- 12. Unbiased AI
- 13. Summary and identification of the key points

## (4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Face-to-face				
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Use of PROLOG software and open source software (such as Python and Anaconda) for laboratory education.				
TEACHING METHODS					
The manner and methods of teaching are	Activity	Semester workload			
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,	Lectures Lectures' study	13 *2 hours =26 hours 13*5 hours = 65 hours 13*2 = 26 hours 33 hours			
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art	Laboratory Practice				
workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.	Laboratory Preparation and semester assignment				
The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study according to the principles of the ECTS					
	Course total	150 hours			
STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION Description of the evaluation procedure Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.	The final examination is the main tool to evaluate student's performance. In this exam the student gets involved in solving complex programming problems. During semester, each student is also invited to carry out optional homework tests. If the student accepts the invitation, these tests will be positively considered in student's final evaluation. The evaluation criteria are clearly announced during the first lecture and in the e-class web site.				

# (5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

- S. Russell, and P. Norvig, "Τεχνητή Νοημοσύνη", PrenticeHall, 2003 (Ελληνική Έκδοση: Κλειδάριθμος)
- Ι. Βλαχάβας, Π. Κεφαλάς, Ν. Βασιλειάδης, Φ. Κόκκορας, Η. Σακελλαρίου, "Τεχνητή Νοημοσύνη", Εκδόσεις Πανεπιστημίου Μακεδονίας, 2011.